

Epec 6200 Remote Access Unit

Technical Manual and Cabling Instructions

MAN000719



Functional versions 6200-222 6200-223 6200-268 6200-269

Classification: Public

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Phone +358-(0)20-7608 111 Internet www.epec.fi



Document version history

Date	Notes
11.04.2024	Updated sections: • Brazil
05.02.2024	Updated sections: • EU Declaration of Conformity Added sections: • Brazil
31.03.2022	Added: Functional Version 6200-222
23.11.2021	Preliminary Release Added: Industry Canada Compliance Statement
30.03.2020	First released version



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1 PREFACE

1.1 Use of Symbols

This manual uses the following symbols to point out important information or safety instructions:



The information icon indicates important information and issues to be noted for the reader.



The caution icon indicates very important information or a warning. If the advices are ignored, it can result in personal injury or damage to software or equipment.



The (electrical) warning icon indicates a hazard which could cause an electrical danger and/or a personal injury.

The following symbols may be used on Epec's product labels:



Caution, surface may be hot.



CE compatibility

This symbol indicates that the product complies with the requirements set in the CE Standard.



WEEE symbol

This symbol indicates that the product must be sent to separate collection facilities for recovery and recycling when the end-user wishes to discard the product.



E17 Approval This symbol indicates that the product is certified with normal automotive (E17) EMC (electromagnetic compatibility) standards.



FCC Logo FCC Logo Devices authorized under the SDoC procedure have the option to use the FCC logo to indicate compliance with the FCC rules, 12 and the logo may be included in the instruction materials or as part of an e-label.



RCM (Regulatory Compliance Mark)

This symbol indicates that the product complies with the ACMA (Australian Communications and Media Authority) regulatory arrangements concerning electromagnetic compatibility and radio equipment.



1.2 Basic Skills Required

The user of this document should have basic knowledge of machine controlling, CAN communication, PLCopen programming according to IEC61131-3 and should have skills to use CODESYS 3.5 programming environment.

Refer to CODESYS manual for further information concerning the programming environment and required installations.

Refer to CAN and CANopen documentation from CAN in Automation (CiA) for further information on communication issues.

1.3 Safety Guidelines

The user of this documentation should follow general machine safety guidelines, directives and regulation appropriate to their country or market area.

A separate safety analysis is always recommended for the machine and its control system. The features of this product should be well documented in machine and control system documents so that the machine operator has the right information how to operate the machine correctly and safely.

The manufacturer does not assume any responsibility for this product being fit for any particular application, unless otherwise expressly stated in writing by the manufacturer.

This product complies with those certifications and standards that are mentioned in this manual. The manufacturer does not guarantee that this product complies with any other certification, standard or test other than mentioned in this manual.

This product is not field serviceable, so it should not be opened in any situation.

External fuses should be installed for the product or the system power supply.

The system should be designed and constructed according to the Epec general mounting and cabling instruction document.

Epec Oy reserves a right to improve its products without a further notice.



1.4 Warranty

Information concerning the warranty of this product can be found from *Epec General* Sales and Warranty Terms.

For more information, contact sales@epec.fi

1.5 Limited Liability

The manufacturer shall under no circumstances be liable for loss of production, loss of profit, loss of use or any other consequential damages and/or indirect losses, whatever their cause may be. In case claims based on product liability are brought against the Manufacturer for which claims the manufacturer may be liable, the manufacturer's liability is limited to the extent normally covered under normal product liability insurances.

The buyer shall compensate the manufacturer to the extent that the manufacturer might be liable to pay damages as a result of claims based on product liability according to paragraph above.

1.6 Environmental Statement

The manufacturer has a certified ISO 14001: 2015 environmental management system and certified processes to manufacture products. The manufacturer acts in an environmentally responsible manner and always complies with valid environmental legislation and directives.

The manufacturer is committed to comply with all relevant product regulations and directives concerning product safety, and responsible sourcing of raw materials and components.

The manufacturer undertakes to arrange for the recycling and scrapping of products that are returned to the manufacturer by the buyer and/or products that are received by the manufacturer in connection with maintenance services and deemed unusable by the manufacturer.

This product complies with the European Community Directive 2012/19/EU on waste electrical and electronic equipment (WEEE) encouraging and setting specific criteria for the collection, handling and recycling of electric and electronic waste. Outside of the European Union, local guidelines for recycling shall be followed.



This product includes a lithium battery soldered on the PCB's bottom side (placed on the upper right part of the PCB). When recycling the product, make sure that the battery is removed from the PCB and recycled separately.



2 PRODUCT OVERVIEW

Epec 6200 Remote Access Unit (RAU) is a high-performance, programmable, control and communication unit for mobile machines. Epec 6200 RAU has multiple use cases such as data collection, communication gateway, remote access or edge computing. Epec 6200 RAU is fully compatible with the existing Epec control units and supports Epec GlobE remote management platform, Epec GatE secure access solution, CODESYS 3.5 WebVisu functionality, Epec MultiTool Creator, Epec CANmoon and Epec PLCopen libraries.

Epec 6200 Remote Access Unit has some unique features listed below:

Processing power and connectivity

- Powerful Dual/Quad Core Cortex-A9 ARM processor
- Internal Graphics Processing Unit (GPU)
- High internal memory capacity
- Linux embedded
- Supports wired interfaces: CAN, Ethernet USB and Serial port
- Wireless interface options: GSM, UMTS, LTE, GNSS, WLAN
- Supports Epec GlobE and GatE for remote access

Mechanics & connectors

- Full aluminum housing, robust and heavy duty
- Light weight, small form factor
- Three point anchorage confirms firm mounting also on irregular surfaces
- Industrial connectors
- SIM card slot
- Programmable status LEDs

Application programming

- CODESYS 3.5
- Epec MultiTool Creator and CANmoon
- Supports PLCopen and CANopen[®], easily scalable to meet the requirements of both small and large machines
- Open I/O and communication interface, possible to connect sensors, actuators, joysticks and other devices from other manufacturers to optimize the whole machine environment.
- For more information about programming, see *Epec Programming and Libraries Manual*, MAN000538 (provided in Epec Extranet)



3 FUNCTIONAL VERSIONS

This section describes the different product variants, also known as functional versions. The functional version and hardware revision can be found on your product's label.

Functional Version	6200-222	6200-223	6200-268	6200-269
Technical Manual ID		MAN	000719	
Antenna for GSM/UMTS/LTE	x	x	x	x
Antenna for WLAN		x	x	x
Antenna for GPS/GLONASS	x	x	x	x
Antenna for LTE Diversity	х	x	x	x
CAN	2	2	6	6
RS-232	1	1	1	1
USB	1	1	1	1
Ethernet	2	2	2	2
SIM slot	х	х	х	x
5 V REF	1	1	1	1
Accelerometer				x
DO/DI	2	2	2	2
AI/DI	1	1	1	1
DI	2	2	2	2
Connectors	1 xAM 1 xmini-B 1 xM 4 xS	MP23 USB (M12) M12 SMA	1 xA 1 xmini-B 3 x 4 x	MP23 USB (M12) M12 SMA



Flash	4 GByte	32 GByte	
RAM	102	4 MByte	
NVRAM	51	2 kByte	
NVRAM Type	Ν	I RAM	
Processor	32 bit CPU 792 MHz, Includes GPU Includes GPU Includes GPU		
IP Class	IP67		
OVP	70 VDC		
Temperature range	-30 +60 °C -22+140 °F		
CODESYS version	3.5		
Supported CAN higher layer protocols	CANopen SAE J1939		



4 TECHNICAL DATA

General

Processor	32 bit Dual/Quad Core CPU 792 MHz
	Processor is hardware specific
Memory	Flash memory: 4 GByte - 32 GByte RAM memory (DDR3): 1024 MByte Non-volatile memory: 512 kByte Memory sizes are hardware specific,6000SystemParameters.library can be used for checking the memory sizes (for more information, refer to Epec Programming and Libraries manual).
Operating system	Linux
Programming	CODESYS 3.5
Power	Nominal supply voltage 12/24 VDC systems (8,4 36 VDC) Power consumption 85 W (+24 VDC, full load), 3,6 W (+24 VDC, idle)
REF voltage outputs	+5 V
Diagnostics	Supply voltage Unit temperature Software cycle time REF voltage monitoring 3 x Signal LED (green/red/blue)



Mechanics

Size / Outer dimensions	182 mm x 153 mm x 55 mm 7.16 in x 6.02 in x 2.16in
Weight	1,2 kg 2.6 lbs
Protection class	IP 67
Case material	Aluminum
Operating temperature	-30 +60 °C -22+140 °F
Storage temperature	-40 +80 °C -40+176 °F



Connectors and communication

Connectors	1 x AMP23 1 x mini-B USB (M12)			
	1 x M12 1-4 x SMA antenna connector (Hardware specific)			
Communications/	Inte	erface	Amount	Connector
interfaces	CAN	1 2.0 B	2-6 (Hardware Specific)	AMP23
	RS	-232	1	AMP23
	l	JSB	1	M12 miniB-USB: high speed (480 Mbps)
	Eth	ernet	2	M12 (8 pin)
	GSM/UMTS/ LTE/ WLAN/ GPS/GLONASS		1-4 (Hardware Specific)	SMA antenna SIM card slot
Other features	RTC (Real-time Clock) with battery Accelerometer (option)			
I/O pins total	5			
Outputs	2x DO/DI (sourcing, up to 1 A)			
Inputs	2x DI (pull-down to GND)			
	1x AI/DI (0-5 V / 0-22 mA and pull-up selection by application)			



CONNECTORS AND PIN ASSIGNMENTS

This manual describes the full hardware version. Some of the features are optional and not implemented in all hardware versions.

The connectors are placed in the unit according to the following figures:

Connector	Option	Connector type
X7	GSM/UMTS/LTE	RP-SMA FEM
X8	WLAN	SMA FEM
X9	GPS/GLONASS	SMA FEM
X10	LTE Diversity	RP-SMA FEM





X1, AMP23 male connector (USB, RS-232, CAN1, CAN2, DI, AI/DI, DO/DI, + 5V REF, power supply)

Picture	Pin	Signal	I/О Туре
	1	CAN3_L*	
	2	CAN3_H*	
	3	RS-232_TXD	
	4	RS-232_RXD	
	5	CAN4_L*	
	6	CAN4_H*	
	7	CAN1_L	
	8	CAN1_H	
	9	DATA_GND	
	10	DATA_GND	
23	11	DIGITAL_INPUT_1	<u>DI</u>
15000009	12	DIGITAL_INPUT_2	<u>DI</u>
Canalana	13	CAN2_L	
0 0	14	CAN2_H	
	15	CAN_SHIELD	
	16	+5 V REF	
	17	ANALOG_INPUT	<u>AI/DI</u>
	18	AI GND	
	19	I/O_GND	
	20	DIGITAL_OUTPUT_1	DO/DI
	21	DIGITAL_OUTPUT_2	DO/DI
	22	PWR_GND	
	23	PWR_IN	

*Hardware specific

Picture	Pin	Signal
	1	+5 V (max 500 mA)
	2	D-
	3	D+
	4	ID
	5	GND

X2, mini-B-USB connector



X3, M12 connector (8 pin FEM, ethernet)

Picture	Pin	Signal
	1	RD2+
	2	TD2+
5 6	3	TD2-
$\begin{array}{c} 4 \\ 0 \\ 3 \\ 0 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{array}$	4	RD1-
	5	TD1+
	6	RD1+
	7	RD2-
	8	TD1-

X4, M12 connector (12 pin FEMALE, Display video signals), not supported in 1-3. release

X5, M12 connector (5 pin MALE)

Picture	Pin	Signal
	1	CAN shield
	2	NC
	3	GND
	4	CAN5 H
	5	CAN5 L

X6, M12 connector (5 pin MALE)

Picture	Pin	Signal
	1	CAN shield
	2	NC
	3	GND
	4	CAN6 H
	5	CAN6 L



6 DO/DI

Possible pin modes:

- Sourcing DO mode (pull-up)
- Sourcing DO mode (pull-down)
- DI mode (pull-up)
- DI mode (pull-down)

6.1 DO (digital output) mode

- This pin type is a current sourcing output with a pull-up selection
 - The pin connects the load to a positive supply voltage
 - The pull-up feature is for open load detection when the pin is used as an output
- These outputs have a switching element called a smart FET. It has integrated features to protect itself and also the external pin, wiring and actuator.
- When used as an output, the input feature indicates the output FET's state



It is recommended to use the function blocks in *DigitalOutputDiagnostics* library to protect and diagnose outputs when used as digital outputs. For more information, refer to *Epec Programming and Libraries Manual*.

6.2 DI (digital input) mode

- This pin can be used as a digital input (DI) by using the output state monitoring feature
 - In this case, the output (DO) functionality of the pin type must be kept OFF
- This pin can be used also with NPN-type sensors sensors with open collector/open drain
- It's highly recommended to use closed loop connections when the output pin is used as an input. By keeping this simple principle in your mind you will avoid many unknown problems later on



Electrical characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions Min Max		Max	Units
V _{Level}	Output voltage	Output Off, Pull-up selected, Unconnected pin, $U_{in} = 24 V$ $V_{Level} = U_{in}/1,3$	typ. 18,5		V
١ _٥	Nominal Output Current	Output On (Note 3, 4)	0 1		A
I _{o-lim}	Internal current limitation	Output On (Note 2, 6) typ. 12		A	
Digital statu	s input				
		Output Off, Pull-up resistor not selected, V _I < U _{in (referenced to GND)}	typ. 44		kΩ
κ _ι	Resistance	Output Off, Pull-up resistor selected, (referenced to U _{in /1,3)}	typ. 8,1		kΩ
V _{IH}	High Voltage level	Output Off (Note 3, 8) 4,2 U _{in}		U_{in}	V
V _{IL}	Low Voltage level	Output Off (Note 8) 3,2		3,2	V
V _{I-range}	Input voltage range	(Note 7) -0,5 U _{in}		Uin	V
tı	Digital Status Input Pulse Width	(Note 1, 5)	> tC		ms
Cı	Input pin capacitance		ty	typ. 1	

Note 1: tC denotes software cycle time.

Note 2: Current limit for short circuit protection to protect cabling and to limit internal power dissipation.

Note 3: Exceeding the max value might cause damage to input.

Note 4: The maximum output current depends on the load, PWM frequency and temperature.

Note 5: Pulse width must be greater that the software cycle time. For example with 50/50 pulse ratio, the pulse frequency is 1 / (2*pulse width)

Note 6: When the limit is exceeded, the output voltage circuit starts to limit the current by switching the output voltage. The switching does not affect the application software.

Note 7: Overload conditions

Note 8: Includes hysteresis. The input state is maintained until the second voltage limit is exceeded.



6.3 Functional block diagram





7 AI/DI

Possible pin modes:

- +5 V AI voltage mode (pull-down)
- +5 V AI voltage mode (pull-up)
- +20 mA AI current mode
- DI mode



This pin has a dedicated AI GND pin (X1.18) that is internally connected to the I/O ground and data ground pins.

7.1 AI (Analog Input) mode

- The configurable features are controlled by two control signals:
 - One control signal is for selecting:
 - Voltage mode: High impedance input for signal from 0 to 5 V with or without pull-up
 - Current mode: Low impedance input for signal from 0 to 22 mA
 - One control signal is for selecting (when in voltage mode):
 - Pull-up mode to +5 V by a resistor
 - Pull-down mode to GND by a resistor

7.2 DI (Digital Input) mode

- This pin can also be used as a digital input by using an application library
- The pin must be configured to voltage mode when used as a digital input



Configure the pin to current mode before applying the current signal.

A switch will disconnect the measurement circuit if an overvoltage event is detected.



Overvoltage protection mode is indicated with a dedicated signal (DEV_DSC_OVP_STATE_X1_17). The protection mode is active as long as the overvoltage persists.

The protection circuit can be bypassed (the switch will reconnect the measurement circuit) momentarily with a reset signal

(DEV_DSC_OVP_RESET_X1_17). The signal is edge activated and the bypass time is fixed.



Electrical characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions Min Max		Max	Units
VI	Input Voltage measuring range	Voltage mode	0	5,5	V
	Overvoltage Detection	Protection mode not active (Note 5)	typ	. 7,2	V
	Threshold	Protection mode active (Note 5)	typ	. 5,6	V
	Scaling factor	Voltage mode (Note 4)	10	/11	
		Current mode (Note 4)	10	/11	
V_{PU}	Pull-up voltage	(Note 1)	ty	p. 5	V
I ₁	Input Current measuring range	Current mode	0	22	mA
		Voltage mode, pull-up resistor not selected (referenced to GND)	typ. 70		kΩ
		Voltage mode, pull-up resistor selected (referenced to + 5 V)	typ.	2200	Ω
Rı	Input Resistance	Current mode (referenced to GND)	typ.	220	Ω
		Overvoltage protection mode, V _i > Overvoltage detection threshold (referenced to GND)	typ. 9,6		kΩ
D\\/	Input Low Pass	Voltage mode (Note 3)	typ. 1		kHz
DVV	Filter Bandwidth	Current mode (Note 3)	typ. 1		kHz
		Voltage mode		0,25	V
Ι _Ε	input Enoi	Current mode		1,1	mA
Cı	Input pin capacitance		typ. 4,4		nF
	Input Voltage	Voltage mode (Note 2)	-0,5	43	V
V _{I-range} Range		Current mode (Note 2)	-0,5	43	V

Note 1: Temperature-dependent.

Note 2: Exceeding the max value might cause damage to input.

Note 3: 2nd order low pass filter

Note 4: HW multiplies the measurement by 10/11. The effect is compensated in *6107Int.library* (the measurement is multiplied by 11/10), so the measurement is automatically accurate when using Epec programming libraries. For more information about conversions, refer to Epec Programming and Libraries manual. The measurement is scaled down before the conversion. The effect is compensated in Epec software libraries.

Note 5: When protection mode is active the measurement circuit is disconnected from the input.



7.3 Functional block diagram





8 DI

- This type of pin is a ground referenced input (DI)
- This type of pin has no configurable features

Electrical characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Units
Rı	Input Resistance	Referenced to GND	typ	. 44	kΩ
V _{IH}	Input High Voltage level	(Note 1, 3)	4,2	36	V
V _{IL}	Input Low Voltage level	(Note 3)	0	3,4	V
V _{I-max}	Max Input voltage	(Note 2)	-0,5	43	V
Cı	Input pin capacitance		typ. 1		nF

Note 1: Exceeding the max values might cause damage to input. **Note 2:**Overload conditions.

Note 3: Includes hysteresis. The input state is maintained until the second voltage limit is exceeded





8.1 Functional block diagram



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Epec Oy Phone: +358-(0)20-7608 111 Internet: www.epec.fi Postal address: PL/P.O.Box 194 FIN-60101 Seinäjoki, Finland



9 ACCELEROMETER (OPTION)

The accelerometer can be used to find out the control unit's

- position
- acceleration direction
- acceleration speed

Measurement range, X-axis:	±2 g
Measurement range, Y-axis:	±2 g
Measurement range, Z-axis:	±2 g
Related programming libraries:	Accelerometer.lib (For more information, see <i>Epec Programming and Libraries manual</i>)



10 +5 V REF

- This is an internally regulated and monitored reference voltage supply for external devices.
- This reference output can be switched on/off by application.

10.1 Protection features

- Overcurrent
- External voltage protection
- Errors are indicated with a fault signal

10.2 Voltage monitoring

The level of the output voltage can be monitored by application.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Units
V _{o-level}	Output voltage	Output On; Unconnected pins	ty	typ. 5	
R _o	Output Resistance	Output On		2	Ω
I _o	Nominal Output Current	Output On;	0	100	mA
I _{o-lim}	Internal Current Limitation	Output On (Note 2, 3)	typ	typ. 500	
I _{o-sc}	Short-circuit Current Limit	Output On; Overcurrent, RL = 0	typ. 350		mA
Co	Output Capacitance typ. 47		uF		
	Fault-signal overvoltage threshold level	External overvoltage conditions	typ. 5,7		V
V _{I-max}	Max Input voltage	Overload conditions (Note 1)	0	36	V
Voltage monitoring					
Vı	Nominal Voltage measuring range		0	7	V
	Scaling Factor (Note 4) typ. 0,5		. 0,5	V/V	

Electrical characteristics

Note 1: When output voltage is under overload conditions, for example, short circuit to supply voltages. Exceeding the max value might cause damage to output.

Note 2: Current limit for overcurrent protection to limit internal power dissipation. **Note 3:**When the limit is exceeded, the output current is regulated. In regulation, the output is switched into overcurrent mode.



Note 4: The measurement is scaled down before the conversion. The effect is compensated in Epec software libraries. For more information, see *Epec Programming and Libraries* manual.

10.3 Functional block diagram





11 POWER SUPPLY

- Nominal supply voltage 12/24 VDC
- Operating range 8,4...36 VDC
- Undervoltage reset \leq 8 VDC

11.1 Overvoltage Protection

- Max. 70 V continuous (Stresses above this value may cause permanent damage to the unit.)
- The unit has a shutdown circuit which protects the unit and loads against overvoltage. The shutdown circuit cuts off the power feed for the logic and loads in case of overvoltage. The shutdown circuit is activated when voltage exceeds circa 36,8 V. Power feed is restored when supply voltage drops under 36,8 V.

11.2 Power Consumption

- Supply voltage (U_{in}) maximum continuous current 6 A (with full external load)
- GND current sum max 6 A

In this unit, there is only one power supply pin (X1.23).

The ground pin (X1.22) is the recommended pin for the power supply return line. The following table shows the power supply pin locations.

Designation	Connector / pin number	Potential
Supply voltage (for logic and power)	X1.23	+12/+24 VDC (8,436 VDC)
Ground (for supply voltage)	X1.22	GND
Data ground (for CAN, RS-232)	X1.9 X1.10	GND
Al ground	X1.18	GND (max current is 100 mA)
I/O ground	X1.19	GND
Supply outputs		
Reference supply (for external devices)	X1.16	+5 VDC / max 100 mA

Power supply pins



Always use an external fuse to protect the unit. The fuse is needed for reverse voltage and overload protection. For more information, see section *Power Supply Cabling*.



Electrical characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Units
Vı	Nominal Input Voltage		8,4	36	V
V _{I-Load} -dump	Max Input Transient Voltage Level	(Note 1)		123	V
V _{I-max}	Max Continuous Input Voltage Level	(Note 2)	-20	70	V
V _{I-ovp}	Overvoltage Threshold Level		typ. 37 V		V
V _{I-uvp}	Undervoltage Threshold Level		typ. 8		V
Supply voltage monitoring					
V _{I-range}	Nominal Input Voltage measuring range		0	36	V

Note 1: Load dump protection according to ISO7636-2: 2004 pulse 5, Us=+123 V **Note 2:**Limited functionality when the voltage is higher than the nominal. If the voltage is less than 7,7 V, the unit is in non-operational state.



12 INTERFACES

12.1 CAN Bus



This manual describes the full hardware version. Some of the features are optional and not implemented in all hardware versions.

Supported CAN amount:	2-6 (Hardware Specific)	
Bit rate:	All interfaces support bit rates 50, 125, 250, 500, 1000 kbit/s	
CAN interface features:	 Implementations of higher layer protocols are user programmable. Epec provides implementations for CANopen and SAE J1939 as PLCopen libraries. The physical interface of CAN is according to ISO 11898 and CAN 2.0B protocol 11-bit and 29-bit message receive and transmit are supported Transmitting of remote frames is supported in all CAN interfaces 	
Cabling instructions:	See section <u>CAN Bus Cabling</u>	

12.1.1 CAN bus connection pins

The CAN1 communication pins are located in the control unit's AMP23 (X1) connector as follows:

Picture	Pin	Signal
	7	CAN1 L
	8	CAN1 H
	9	GND (DATA GROUND)
	10	GND (DATA GROUND)

The CAN2 communication pins are located in the control unit's AMP23 (X1) connector as follows:

Picture	Pin	Signal
	13	CAN2 L
	14	CAN2 H
88888881	9	GND (DATA GROUND)
	10	GND (DATA GROUND)

The CAN3 communication pins are located in the control unit's AMP23 (X1) connector as follows:



Picture	Pin	Signal
	1	CAN3 L
	2	CAN3 H
	9	GND (DATA GROUND)
	10	GND (DATA GROUND)

The CAN4 communication pins are located in the control unit's AMP23 (X1) connector as follows:

Picture	Pin	Signal
	5	CAN4 L
	6	CAN4 H
	9	GND (DATA GROUND)
	10	GND (DATA GROUND)

The CAN5 communication pins are located in the control unit's M12 (X5) connector as follows:

Picture	Pin	Signal
	1	CAN shield
	2	NC
	3	GND
1 2	4	CAN5 H
	5	CAN5 L

The CAN6	communication	pins are	located	in the	control	unit's M12	(X6) cor	nnector	as
follows:									

Picture	Pin	Signal
	1	CAN shield
	2	NC
	3	GND
	4	CAN6 H
	5	CAN6 L



12.2 RS-232

Supported RS-232 amount:	1
Mode:	DTE (data terminal equipment)
Cabling:	See section <u>RS-232 Cabling</u>
Related programming libraries:	• Serial.library (For more information, see <i>Epec Programming and Libraries manual</i>)

The serial bus communication pins are located in the control unit's X1 (AMP23) connector as follows:

Picture (AMP23 male connector, front)	Pin	Signal
	3	TXD, transmit data
	4	RXD, receive data
	9	GND (DATA GROUND)
	10	GND (DATA GROUND)



12.3 USB



The USB port is intended for service use only.

USB ports provide a flexible way to attach peripheral devices. However, it should be noted that the core of the unit is based on embedded processor architecture. Therefore, it is strongly recommended to consult Epec to assess the compatibility with the product when selecting a new USB device.

Supported USB amount:	1
Cabling instructions:	See section USB Cabling
Ordering USB cable:	See section Accessories and Ordering Codes
Related programming libraries:	6000UsbDrive.library (For more information, see Epec Programming and Libraries manual)

12.3.1 M12 USB Mini-B

Bus speed maximum:	480 Mbps (high speed USB)	
Features:	 Recommended for updating CODESYS application Recommended for updating firmware Only host mode supported 	

X2, M12 connector (USB Mini-B):

Picture	Pin	Signal
	1	+5 V (max 500 mA)
	2	D-
	3	D+
	4	ID
	5	GND



12.4 Ethernet



Firewall can be activated for Ethernet, for more information refer to *Epec Programming and Libraries manual*.

Supported Ethernet amount:	max 2
Bus speed:	Maximum 10/100 Mbps
Cabling instructions:	See section <u>Ethernet Cabling</u>
Ordering Ethernet cables:	See section Accessories and Ordering Codes

X3, M12 connector (8 pin FEM, ethernet):

Picture	Pin	Signal
	1	RD2+
	2	TD2+
5 6	3	TD2-
4 0 0	4	RD1-
3 8 7	5	TD1+
2 1	6	RD1+
	7	RD2-
	8	TD1-



12.5 Cellular GSM/UMTS/LTE



This manual describes the full hardware version. Some of the features are optional and not implemented in all hardware versions.



Make sure SIM card slot is properly closed to ensure tightness protection.

2

Switch off system power when changing the SIM card.

SIM slot cover is tightened with two Torx TX6 M2x4 (DIN 965) screws.

Firewall can be activated for the modem, for more information refer to *Epec Programming and Libraries Manual*.

SMA connector in the unit:	2 x RP-SMA female
SMA connector type for antenna:	2 x RP-SMA male *
SMA tightening torque:	brass: 0,3 - 0,6 Nm steel: 0,8 - 1,1 Nm
Supported frequencies:	 Global coverage: B1/B2/B3/B4/B5/B7/B8/B12/B13/B18/B19/B20/ B25/B26/B28@LTE-FDD B38/B39/B40/B41@LTE-TDD B1/B2/B4/B5/B6/B8/B19@WCDMA 850/900/1800/1900MHz@GSM
SIM card size:	Mini-SIM (2FF)
SIM requirements:	Switch off the PIN code request
SIM card slot type:	Push-push
Ordering antenna:	See section Accessories and Ordering Codes
Related programming libraries:	Modem.library (For more information, see <i>Epec Programming and Libraries manual</i>)

*) Recommended to use Plantec Planar Combination Antenna K98LLVR (for using other antenna types, additional testing is required)



Correct SIM card position and antenna connector location:




12.6 WLAN



This manual describes the full hardware version. Some of the features are optional and not implemented in all hardware versions.



A Firewall can be activated for the WLAN. For more information, refer to *Epec Programming and Libraries Manual > Programming > Programming 6200 Remote Access Unit > Interfaces/External Connections> Using Firewall.*



Electrostatic-sensitive connector (WLAN SMA connector tested with +/- 2 kV direct contact discharge)

Higher voltage levels may cause disturbance to the unit.

SMA connector type in device:	SMA female
SMA connector type for antenna:	SMA male *
SMA tightening torque:	brass: 0,3 - 0,6 Nm steel: 0,8 - 1,1 Nm
Encryption	WPA
Standard Conformance	802.11 ac/a/b/g/n
Supported frequencies:	2,4 GHz
Ordering antenna:	See section <u>Accessories and Ordering Codes</u> *
Related programming libraries:	WLAN.library (For more information, see <i>Epec Programming and Libraries manual</i>)

*) Recommended to use Plantec Planar WLAN Antenna M70XFR (Antenna Gain -3.0 dBi) (for using other antenna types, additional testing is required)

Correct antenna connector location:



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Epec Oy Phone: +358-(0)20-7608 111 Internet: www.epec.fi Postal address: PL/P.O.Box 194 FIN-60101 Seinäjoki, Finland



12.7 GPS/GLONASS



This manual describes the full hardware version. Some of the features are optional and not implemented in all hardware versions.

In addition to positioning, GPS can be utilized for example for fetching the UTC time for the unit's real-time clock.

SMA connector in the unit:	SMA female
SMA connector type for cable:	SMA male *
SMA tightening torque:	brass: 0,3 - 0,6 Nm steel: 0,8 - 1,1 Nm
Antenna:	It is recommended to use active antenna *
Internal power supply for active antenna:	2,85 V
Max current for active antenna:	10 mA
Ordering antenna:	See section Accessories and Ordering Codes *
Related programming libraries:	GPS.library (For more information, see <i>Epec Programming and Libraries manual</i>)

*) Recommended to use Plantec Planar Combination Antenna K98LLVR (for using other antenna types, additional testing is required)

Antenna connector location:





12.8 LTE Diversity



This manual describes the full hardware version. Some of the features are optional and not implemented in all hardware versions.



4G versions support LTE/WCDMA Rx-diversity. Rx-diversity function is enabled by default.

SMA connector in the unit:	RP-SMA female
SMA connector type for antenna:	RP-SMA male *
SMA tightening torque:	brass: 0,3 - 0,6 Nm steel: 0,8 - 1,1 Nm
Supported frequencies:	Global coverage: • B1/B2/B3/B4/B5/B7/B8/B12/B13/B18/B19/B20/B 25/B26/B28@LTE-FDD • B38/B39/B40/B41@LTE-TDD
Ordering antenna:	See section Accessories and Ordering Codes *

*) Recommended to use Plantec Planar Combination Antenna K98LLVR (for using other antenna types, additional testing is required)

The correct antenna connector location:





13 INTERNAL DIAGNOSTICS

13.1 Temperature Monitoring

This unit has an internal temperature sensor for monitoring the unit's internal temperature.

The temperature information is useful for self-diagnostic purposes and safety features.

13.1.1 PCB Area Temperature	13.1.1	PCB	Area	Temperature
-----------------------------	--------	-----	------	-------------

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
T _{PCB}	Nominal PCB Temperature measuring range		-55	+125	°C
н	Temperature	-40 +100 °C		+/- 6	% (FS)
I _{PCB-err} Measurement Error	-55 +125 °C		+/- 9	% (FS)	
Diagnostics		Low	High	Unit	
	Recommended warning levels		-30	+80	°C

13.1.2 Processor Core Temperature

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
T _{Core}	Nominal Core Temperature measuring range		-40	+125	°C
Diagnosti	cs		Low	High	Unit
	Recommended warning levels		-30	+80	°C
	Lowering CPU clock frequency to half	Non- configurable		+95	°C
	Shut-down	Non- configurable		+100	°C



13.2 Supply Voltage Monitoring

Supply voltage of the control unit can be monitored.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
U _{in}	Nominal Supply Voltage measuring range		0	36	V
Diagnos	stics		Low	High	Unit
	Recommended supply voltage warning level		9	30	V

For additional electrical characteristics refer to section *Power Supply*.



13.3 LED Indicator

Three LEDs are situated on the connector side of the unit. LED2 and LED3 are user programmable; refer to *Epec Programming and Libraries Manual* for more information.

LED1 is described in this chapter. The LED1 indicator is the left LED, according to the following image:





Some of the states must be implemented by using the EXT programming library. For more information about the EXT programming library, refer to *Epec Programming and Libraries Manual*.

The LED has green and red indicators and they indicate different operating conditions according to the following table:

LED State	LED 1	Implemented in device firmware or hardware	Implement by using in device CODESYS runtime or code template	Explanation
OFF	-	х		No supply voltage
Power ON	Red LED is constantly ON	Х		Supply voltage is on, software is not running.
Booting-up	Yellow LED is constantly ON	х		System is starting up.
Booted	Yellow LED is blinking	Х		There is no application or runtime. ApplicationLoader has nothing to start-up.



Technical Manual and Cabling Instructions Manual Code

CODESYS runtime status	Green LED is constantly ON		x	CODESYS application stopped or update is in progress
CODESYS application status	Green LED blinks 2 times/second		x	CODESYS application running and SystemOk TRUE
CODESYS application status	Red LED blinks 2 times/second		х	CODESYS application running and SystemOk FALSE
No CODESYS Application	Green LED blinks 5 times/second		х	CODESYS runtime is running, no PLCopen application
Rescue	Blue LED constantly ON	х		Rescue is initializing
Firmware update	Red/Green LEDs blink alternately	х		Firmware update in progress
ApplicationException	Red LED constantly ON		Х	Application exception, for example, division by zero.



13.4 5 V REF Diagnostics

The +5 V reference supply has two diagnostics checks:

- analog output voltage monitoring and
- dedicated digital fault-signal

Both can be used to indicate overload and overvoltage situations. The diagnostics are independent from each other.



For fastest and most reliable error detection, it is recommended to use both output voltage monitoring and fault-flag diagnostics to detect errors.

13.4.1 OVERLOAD

The diagnostics can detect overcurrent situation. The fault-signal is activated when excessive current is taken from the output. The output current is regulated when internal current limit is reached. The regulation current is always smaller than the limit. Current regulation causes the output voltage to drop with increasing load. This can be detected, using the output voltage monitoring feature, by setting a minimum (low) value limit for the output voltage.

With large enough loads, the output voltage drops to 0,1 V and the output current is limited to I_{osc} value to protect the output from overheating.

This is indicated by the fault-signal. The fault-signal is deactivated, when the error

source is removed by decreasing the load (and reducing the output current below I_{o-sc} value) or when the output is turned off.



It is recommended to turn off the output when fault-signal becomes active.

13.4.2 OVERVOLTAGE

Overvoltage event caused by an external source can be detected by using a combination of the diagnostic features. The fault-signal is activated when pin voltage goes above the fault-signal overvoltage threshold level. If the output voltage monitoring value is above nominal and/or the fault-signal is active, it can be determined that an external voltage source is connected to the output pin.

The output pin is protected against external voltages, but it is not recommended to connect external voltage sources to this pin.



In case of a limit violation, the output should be disabled as soon as possible. The unit can handle short term errors, but long term (e.g. several hours) exposures should be avoided with application/system design. Long term exposure to overvoltage or overload can cause permanent damage to the unit.



14 APPROVALS AND SAFETY

14.1 EMC Tests

Epec 6200 units are tested according to EMC tests that are described in this section.

The following tables provide a summary of performed EMC tests:

Measurement / test	Reference standard
Conducted Emissions from the Mains Cable	EN 55032:2015
Radiated Emissions	EN 55032:2015
Electrostatic Discharge Immunity	EN 61000-4-2:2009
Radiated RF-field Immunity	EN 61000-4-3:2006, A1:2008, A2:2010
Electrical Fast Transient	EN 61000-4-4:2012
Surge Immunity	EN 61000-4-5:2014
Conducted RF-Field Immunity	EN 61000-4-6:2009
Power-Frequency Magnetic Field Immunity	IEC 61000-4-8

Measurement / test	Reference standard
Conducted Emissions	ISO 7637-2:2004, Amendment 1:2008
Radiated Emissions	CISRP 25:2002, Corrigendum 2004
Immunity to Electromagnetic Radiation	ISO 11452-2:2004 ISO 11452-4:2005, Corrigendum 1:2009
Conducted Transient Immunity	ISO 7637-2:2004, Amendment 1:2008

14.2 RF Tests

Epec 6000 series units comply with Radio Equipment Directive (2014/53/EU).

Epec 6200 units are tested according to following RF requirements:

Measurement / test	Reference standard
Radiated spurious emissions — MS allocated a channel	EN 301 511 V12.5.1
Radiated Emissions (UE)	EN 301 908-1 V11.1.1
Transmitter unwanted spurious emissions in the spurious domain	EN 300 328 V2.1.1
Global navigation satellite system (GNSS)	EN 303 413 V1.1.1
Common techical requirements, Broadband data transmission systems, Receive only mobile earth stations,	EN 301 489-1 V2.1.1, -17 V3.1.1, -19 V2.1.0,



Cellular communication mobile and portable radio	-52 V1.1.0
Information and Communication Technology Equipment - Safety	IEC 62368-1:2014

The following tables provide more detailed descriptions about the performed EMC tests:

Emission tests according to the E/ECE Regulation No. 10, Revision 5 (2012)						
Radiated disturbance	• Test method E/ECE Reg. No. 10, Annexes 7 and 8, CISPR 25					
emission test	Frequency (MHz)	Limit value (dBmV/m)				
	30 - 1000	62/52/63 (Broadband QP)				
	30 - 1000 52/42/53 (Narrowband AVE)					
Conducted disturbances emission test	Test method E/ECE Reg. No. 10, Annex 10, ISO 7637-2: 2004/Amd.1:2008					
	Port Limit level (V)					
	12 V DC input	+75				
	-100					
	24 V DC input	+150				
		- 450				



Immunity tests	according to the E/ECE Regulation	n No. 10, Revision 5 (2012)
Immunity to transient disturbances	 Test method E/ECE Reg. No. 10 2004/Amd.1:2008 Performance criterion: 	0, Annex 10, ISO 7637-2:
conducted	Pulse	Criterion
lines test	1	С
	2a	Α
	2b	С
	3a	A
	3b	A
	4	C (12 V) A (24 V)
	5a	С
	• 12 V input, Pulse:	
	Pulse	Pulse parameters
	1	-150 V, R _i 10 Ω, 5 s, 5000 pulses
	2a	+112 V, R _i 2 Ω, 200 ms, 5000 pulses
	2b	+10 V, 500 ms, 10 pulses
	3a	-220 V, 10/90 ms, 60 min
	3b	+150 V, 10/90 ms, 60 min
	4	t _d 25 ms -6,0 V, 5 s -2,5 V, 10 pulses
	5	t _d 400 ms, R _i 0,5 Ω, +70 V, 1 pulse
	• 24 V input, Pulse:	
	Pulse	Pulse parameters
	1	-600 V, R _i 50 Ω, 5 s, 5000 pulses
	2a	+112 V, R _i 2 Ω, 200 ms, 5000 pulses
	2b	+20 V, 500 ms, 10 pulses
	3a	-300 V, 10/90 ms, 60 min
	3b	+290 V, 10/90 ms, 60 min
	4	t _d 100 ms -12 V, 20 s -5 V, 1 pulse10 pulses



	5			t _d 350 ms, R _i 1 ណ pulse	2, +123 V, 1
Immunity of ESAs to	 Test method E/ Performance cr 	'ECE Re iterion:	g. No. 10, A A	nnex 9, ISO 114	52-2
electromagnetic radiation	Specification	Step	Dwell time	Frequency Range (MHz)	Test level
	Modulation AM80% 1 kHz	5%	3 s	20-80	60 mA
	Modulation AM80% 1 kHz	2%	3 s	80-1000	30 V/m
	PM 577/4600 μs	1%	3 s	800-1000	30 V/m
	PM 577/4600 μs	1%	3 s	1000-2000	30 V/m

Classification of functional status

Class A:

All functions of a device/system perform as designed during and after exposure to disturbance.

Class B:

All functions of a device/system perform as designed during and after exposure to disturbance. However, one or more of them can go beyond specified tolerance. All functions return automatically to within normal limits after exposure is removed. Memory functions shall remain class A.

Class C:

One or more functions of a device/system do not perform as designed during exposure but return automatically to normal operation after exposure is removed.

Class D:

One or more functions of a device/system do not perform as designed during exposure and do not return to normal operation until exposure is removed and a device/system is reset by simple "operator/use" action.

Class E:

One or more functions of a device/system do not perform as designed during exposure and cannot be returned to operation without repairing the device/system.



EN 61000-6-3 (2006), A Electromagnetic compat part6-3: residential, com	EN 61000-6-3 (2006), Amd. A1 (2010) Electromagnetic compatibility-generic emission standard part6-3: residential, commercial and light-industrial environments				
Radiated disturbance	• Test m	ethod EN 55032: 2015			
emission test		Frequency (MHz)	Limit value (dBmV/m)		
		30 - 1000	30/37 (QP)		
		1000 - 6000	70/74 (QP)		
Conducted disturbance	• Test m	ethod EN 55032: 2015			
at main ports emission		Frequency (MHz)	Limit value (dBmV)		
lest		0,15 - 30	66/56/60 (QP)		
		0,15 - 30	56/46/50 (AVE)		
Conducted disturbance	• Test m	ethod EN 55032: 2015			
at wired network ports		Frequency (MHz)	Limit value (dBmV)		
		0,15 - 30	84/74 (QP)		
		0,15 - 30	74/64 (AVE)		



EN 61000-6-2 (2 Electromagnetic part6-2: industr	(2005) c compatibility-generic immunity standard trial environment							
Conducted radio-frequency common mode	•	Test r Perfor	nethod EN 61000-4 rmance criterion A					
immunity test			Specification			Port	Г Ie	est evel
		Frequ	uency range 0,150-	80 MHz, kHz	D	C input port	1	0 V _{RMS}
			Dwell time 2 s	κπ Ζ ,	S	ignal ports)	1	0 V _{RMS}
		No	te 1: Ethernet cabl	e not teste	ed			
Radiated radio- frequency	•	Test r Perfor	method EN 61000-4 mance criterion A	1-3				
electromagnetic			Specification		R	ange (MHz)	Т	est level
test			Modulation			80-1000		10 V/m
		AM 80% 1 kHz, Dwell time 3s				1000-6000		3 V/m
Electrical fast transient (EFT/B)	•	Test method EN 61000-4-4 Performance criterion B						
immunity test			Test pulse			Port	Т	est level
immunity test		Po	Test pulse	5 ku-	D	Port C input port	T d	est level 2,0 kV
immunity test		Rej	Test pulse petition frequency Duration 1 minut	5 kHz, :e	D	Port C input port Signal ports (Note 1)	T (est level 2,0 kV 1,0 kV
immunity test Surge Immunity		Rej • Te • Pei	Test pulse petition frequency Duration 1 minut st method EN 6100 rformance criterion	5 kHz, e 10-4-5 B	D	Port C input port Signal ports (Note 1)	• T	est level 2,0 kV 1,0 kV
immunity test Surge Immunity		Rep • Te • Pe	Test pulse petition frequency Duration 1 minut st method EN 6100 rformance criterion Specification	5 kHz, e 10-4-5 B Port		Port C input port Signal ports (Note 1) Path	T(est level 2,0 kV 1,0 kV
immunity test Surge Immunity		Rej • Te • Pe	Test pulse petition frequency Duration 1 minut st method EN 6100 rformance criterion Specification Pulses: 5	5 kHz, ce 10-4-5 B Port DC Input	D	Port C input port Gignal ports (Note 1) Path Line to Line	T(+ + +	est level = 2,0 kV = 1,0 kV est level = 0,5 kV
immunity test Surge Immunity		Rep • Te • Pe	Test pulse petition frequency Duration 1 minut st method EN 6100 rformance criterion Specification Pulses: 5 etition rate: 60 s	5 kHz, ce 00-4-5 B Port DC Input port	D S	Port C input port Gignal ports (Note 1) Path Line to Line to Ground	T(+ + + T(est level = 2,0 kV = 1,0 kV est level = 0,5 kV = 0,5 = 1,0 kV
immunity test Surge Immunity Electrostatic		• Te • Pe • Pe	Test pulse petition frequency Duration 1 minut st method EN 6100 rformance criterion Specification Pulses: 5 etition rate: 60 s method EN61000-4	5 kHz, ce 10-4-5 B Port DC Input port	t	Port C input port Gignal ports (Note 1) Path Line to Line to Ground	T(+ + +	est level = 2,0 kV = 1,0 kV est level = 0,5 kV = 0,5 = 1,0 kV
immunity test Surge Immunity Electrostatic discharge (ESD) immunity test	•	• Te • Pe • Pe • Pe • Pe • Perfor	Test pulse petition frequency Duration 1 minut st method EN 6100 rformance criterion Specification Pulses: 5 etition rate: 60 s method EN61000-4 mance criterion B Discharge mode	5 kHz, e 00-4-5 B Port DC Input port -2	t Test	Port C input port Gignal ports (Note 1) Path Line to Line to Ground	T(+ + +	est level = 2,0 kV = 1,0 kV est level = 0,5 kV = 0,5 = 1,0 kV
immunity test Surge Immunity Electrostatic discharge (ESD) immunity test	•	Rep • Te • Pe • Pe • Pe • Perfor	Test pulse petition frequency Duration 1 minut st method EN 6100 rformance criterion Specification Pulses: 5 etition rate: 60 s method EN61000-4 rmance criterion B Discharge mode Contact	5 kHz, 20-4-5 B Port DC Input port -2 2 T ± 2,	D 5 t	Port C input port Gignal ports (Note 1) Path Line to Line to Ground t level (kVp) 4, ± 8 (Note	T(+ + +	est level = 2,0 kV = 1,0 kV est level = 0,5 kV = 0,5 = 1,0 kV
immunity test Surge Immunity Electrostatic discharge (ESD) immunity test	•	Rep • Te • Pe • Pe • Pe	Test pulse petition frequency Duration 1 minut st method EN 6100 rformance criterion Specification Pulses: 5 etition rate: 60 s nethod EN61000-4 mance criterion B Discharge mode Contact Indirect contact	5 kHz, 20-4-5 B Port DC Input port -2 2 T ± 2,	D 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Port C input port Gignal ports (Note 1) Path Line to Line to Ground t level (kVp) 4, ± 8 (Note 2, ± 4, ± 8	T(<u>+</u> <u>+</u> <u>+</u> <u>+</u> 1)	est level = 2,0 kV = 1,0 kV est level = 0,5 kV = 0,5 = 1,0 kV
immunity test Surge Immunity Electrostatic discharge (ESD) immunity test	•	Rep • Te • Pe	Test pulse petition frequency Duration 1 minut st method EN 6100 rformance criterion Specification Pulses: 5 etition rate: 60 s method EN61000-4 rmance criterion B Discharge mode Contact Indirect contact Air	5 kHz, 20-4-5 B Port DC Input port -2 2 T ± 2, 1 ±	D 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	Port C input port Signal ports (Note 1) Path Line to Line to Ground Line to 4, ± 8 (Note 2, ± 4, ± 8	T(+ + + + - - - - - - - - - - - - -	est level = 2,0 kV = 1,0 kV est level = 0,5 kV = 0,5 = 1,0 kV
immunity test Surge Immunity Electrostatic discharge (ESD) immunity test	•	• Te • Pe • Pe • Perfor	Test pulse petition frequency Duration 1 minut st method EN 6100 rformance criterion Specification Pulses: 5 etition rate: 60 s nethod EN61000-4 rmance criterion B Discharge mode Contact Indirect contact Air te 1: WLAN SMA co	5 kHz, 20-4-5 B Port DC Input port -2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	D S t t 2, ± 2, ±	Port C input port Signal ports (Note 1) Path Line to Line to Ground t level (kVp) $4, \pm 8$ (Note $2, \pm 4, \pm 8$ $\pm 4, \pm 8, \pm 15$ ed with ± 2 k	Te <u>+</u> <u>+</u> <u>+</u> <u>+</u> <u>+</u> <u>+</u> <u>+</u> <u>+</u>	est level = 2,0 kV = 1,0 kV est level = 0,5 kV = 0,5 = 1,0 kV



magnetic field		Discharge mode	Test level	
initiality test		Vertical/Horizontal	30 A/m	
		50/60 Hz, 5 min		
Performance crit	eria for i	mmunity tests		
<i>Performance criterion A:</i> The EUT shall continue to operate as intended during and after the test. No degradation of performance is allowed.				
<i>Performance criterion B:</i> The EUT shall continue to operate as intended after the test. However, moderate degradation of performance is allowed. No change of actual operating state or loss of memory functions is allowed.				



14.3 Environmental Tests

The following environmental tests have been performed to Epec 6200 units:

Temperature				
Test	Temperature	Duration/ Exposure time		Remarks
Cold IEC 60068-2-1 (2007- 03),Test Ad	-30 °C	16 h		• 1 °C/min
Dry heat IEC 60068-2-2 (2007- 07),Test Be	+60 °C	16	h	• 1 °C/min
Damp heat cycling IEC 60068-2-30 (2005-08),Test Db	+25 °C/+55 °C	24 h		 rel. humidity >90 % cycle duration 24 h two test cycles
Change of temperature IEC 60068-2-14 (2009- 01)Test Nb	-40 °C/+70 °C	3h		 change time between temperatures 2,5 °C/ min 2 test cycles
Mechanical resistanc	e			
Test	Duration and o	direction	Remar	k
Shock test IEC 60068-2-27 (2008-02) Test Ea	 pulse duration 500 impulse directions 	on 6 ms es in six	• •	nalf sine pulse shape beak acceleration 500 m/s²
Vibration, random IEC 60068-2-64 (2008-04),Test Fh	• test duration 60 min in every three test direction		• // • // • t	ASD-level 5 m²/s³, 10 200 Hz ASD-level 1,0 m²/s³, 200 500 Hz cotal spectral acceleration 3,54 grms
Tightness tests for II	267			
Test	Duration and p	procedure	Remar	k
Water test for IPX7 according to IEC 60529	 immersion duration 30 minutes immersion depth 1000 mm water temperature +20 °C 		1 • i 1 1	no ingress of water noticed nside complies with the requirements stated for the protection class IPX7



14.4 Country Approvals

14.4.1 Brazil

Este equipamento não tem direito à proteção contra interferência prejudicial e não pode causar interferência em sistemas devidamente autorizados. Para maiores informações, consulte o site da ANATEL: <u>www.anatel.gov.br</u>.

Este produto não é apropriado para uso em ambientes domésticos, pois poderá causar interferências eletromagnéticas que obrigam o usuário a tomar medidas necessárias para minimizar estas interferências.



14.4.2 Industry Canada Compliance Statement

This Class A digital apparatus complies with Canadian ICES-003.

Avis de conformité à la réglementation d'Industrie Canada

Cet appareil numérique de la classe A est conforme à la norme NMB-003 du Canada.

Notice for Canada

This device contains licence-exempt transmitter(s)/receiver(s) that comply with Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada's licence-exempt RSS(s). Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

1. This device may not cause interference.

2. This device must accept any interference, including interference that may cause undesired operation of the device.

L'émetteur/récepteur exempt de licence contenu dans le présent appareil est conforme aux CNR

d'Innovation, Sciences et Développement économique Canada applicables aux appareils radio exempts de

licence. L'exploitation est autorisée aux deux conditions suivantes:

1. L'appareil ne doit pas produire de brouillage;

2. L'appareil doit accepter tout brouillage radioélectrique subi, même si le brouillage est susceptible d'en compromettre le fonctionnement.

Canada Radiation Exposure Statement

This equipment complies with IC RSS-102 radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled

environment. This transmitter must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

Cet équipement est conforme aux limites d'exposition aux radiations IC CNR-102 établies pour un environnement non contrôlé. Cet émetteur ne doit pas être situé ou fonctionner conjointement avec une

autre antenne ou un autre émetteur.

MODIFICATION:

Any changes or modification not expressly approved by the grantee of this device could void

the user's authority to operate the device.

Toute modification non approuvée explicitement par le fournisseur de licence de l'appareil peut entraîner l'annulation du droit de l'utilisateur à utiliser l'appareil.



14.4.3 Simplified EU Declaration of Conformity

Epec Oy hereby declares that this device is in compliance with Directive 2014/53/EU.

The full text of the EU declaration of conformity is available at the following internet address:

http://extranet.epec.fi/Public/Declarations/Epec6200_4G_DeclarationOfConformity.pdf

14.4.3.1 Frequency, mode and maximum transmitted power

Frequency	Mode	Maximum transmitted power (EIRP)
	WLAN 802.11b	16 dBm ±2 dBm
2,4 GHz:	WLAN 802.11g	14 dBm ±2 dBm
2,412 - 2,472 GHZ	WLAN 802.11n HT20	13 dBm ± 2 dBm
	WLAN 802.11n HT40	11 dBm ± 2 dBm

Country Limitations



Use of this radio equipment (WLAN) is not allowed in the geographical area within a radius of 20 km from the centre of Ny-Ålesund, Svalbard, Norway.



15 MECHANICS AND CABLING

15.1 Unit Dimensions



15.2 Mounting and Cleaning



It is required that the unit housing has a galvanic connection to machine frame.

Control unit mounting location should be planned so that the machine's washing does not damage the unit.



A direct water jet towards the control units should be avoided, especially when using high pressure. Also, the use of any such solvent that causes damage to electronic devices should be avoided when handling the control units.



When cleaning the control unit, do not use highly alkaline / acidic substances, too hot water, or too heavy mechanical abrasion.



In moist conditions, the unit must be mounted and oriented so that the connectors are not filled with water.





Make sure that all the unused connectors are sealed properly using the provided covers (sealing cap protection class is IP67).

- The mounting is done with 3 pieces of M6 screws to DIN 912
- It is possible to use a spring washer under the screw head
- Mounting is recommended to be done on to a conductive metal base. It is recommended that the control unit's aluminum housing has a galvanic connection to the machine frame
- The paint can be removed from the control unit under each screw head before mounting, to ensure a galvanic connection to the control unit frame. Also, the paint can be removed from the machine frame, where the control unit will be attached.
- 3-point mounting allows mounting on a slightly uneven surface
- Reserve 10 cm installation space for the connector cables
- Mounting position must be horizontal or vertical to allow water, etc. flowing away from connectors, see the figures below.

Do not mount the unit in a position where the connector side is facing upwards:





15.3 Plugging and unplugging the cables/connectors

Epec control units use heavy duty gold plated, locked and sealed AMPSEAL connectors. The following figure shows an example of an AMPSEAL connector:



- Gold plated AMPSEAL connectors pack a current of 15 amperes per contact and tolerate operating temperature range.
- All module connectors are mechanically keyed to mate only with identical colors (blue, grey and black).

When connecting, make sure that:

- connectors are pressed down to the bottom and that they are locked
- connectors are clean (avoid moisture or dirt inside the connector)
- unused connectors are covered with empty connectors of the same color (this helps to keep the control unit connectors dry and protected)



- all cables, connectors and tools are of correct type, and sufficiently high quality, and suitable for this kind of use (protection for moisture, mechanical stability, power durability, coupling resistance among other things)
- there is a sufficient margin (slack) left in the cables to prevent the torsion of the connectors
- wires are bound to the control unit cover base knob with cable ties



The following figure describes some general instructions about the connectors.



Refer to AMP Application Specification 114-16016 for more detailed information on connectors and cable recommendations.

Ordering codes for the AMPSEAL connectors, crimps and tools are listed in Section *Accessories and Ordering Codes*.



15.4 System Topologies



Generally, cabling should be properly designed and documented to help the initial assembly and maintenance.

It is highly recommended to mark each cable on both ends to avoid confusion and errors.

The cables must be run in a safe route along the machine frame. When routing cables, avoid interfering objects and pay particular attention to moving parts of the machine.



It is also good to minimize the amount of the connection points of the cable harness to maximize reliability.

Also, all valid safety instructions should be observed when coupling.

- The control units are connected with each other using standardized CAN bus.
- The idea of the Epec embedded control system, is that all the control units are installed close to sensors, encoders and other equipment connected to them.
- ٠
- This way the amount of the traffic on the CAN bus is minimized and connections can be made using short wires.

Termination resistors

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- Generally, the bus cable is terminated at both ends with termination resistors (ISO 11898:1993).
- External termination resistor (120 Ω) has to be connected at both ends between CAN H and CAN L.





The cable lengths presented here are approximates. Actual cable lengths also depend on the cable quality, the cable type and also on the machine environment (possible interference).



Example1. The figure shows a connection example of an external termination resistor in CAN1





Example 2. Control system topology in theory with maximum bus speed (1000 kbit/s); Control Units in traditional bus arrangement. Termination resistor must be connected at control unit 1 and control unit 5. For more information about the bus speeds, refer to CiA DS-102 standard.



Example 3. Control system topology in theory with 250 kbit/s bus speed; Control Units in traditional bus arrangement. Termination resistor must be connected at control unit 1 and control unit 5. For more information about the bus speeds, refer to CiA DS-102 standard.



Example 4. The usage of the termination resistor (TR) in a conventional bus. The maximum recommended bus length is directly dependent on the bus speed. In theory, the maximum length with the maximum speed can be up to 25 meters. If the bus speed is lower, the length can be extended.

The maximum length of the bus depends on the bus speed. For more information about the bus speeds, see the table below / refer to CiA DS-102 standard.



The following table shows some baud rates in general purpose CAN bus networks as well as the maximum bus length for a given baud rate, that CAN in Automation (CiA) international users and manufacturers group has recommended to be used. For more information, refer to CiA DS-102 standard.

CAN bus baud rates and bus lengths according to CiA DS-102 standard

Baudrate	Bus length
1 Mbits/s	25 m
800 kbits/s	50 m
500 kbits/s	100 m
250 kbits/s	250 m
125 kbits/s	500 m
50 kbits/s	1000 m



15.5 CAN Bus Cabling



The CAN bus cable is the neural backbone of the whole system and should be designed and constructed with extra care.

• For information about the CAN bus lengths and baud rates, refer to section <u>System</u> <u>Topologies</u>.

Cable

- It is recommended to use high quality and twisted (approx. 1 round / 1 inch) CAN bus cable.
- Normal UTP (Unshielded Twisted Pairs) cable is well suited for distances under approximately 10 meters.
- In longer distances, and especially if there is possibility for electromagnetic interference, it is highly recommended to use shielded and twisted cable for CAN bus, also for shorter distances.
- To avoid electromagnetic interference (EMI), locate the bus cable as far away from high-current carrying cables as possible. Generally, the amount of the connections and connectors should be minimized to maximize security; also all connections should be done carefully.
- The shield grounding must be done only in one end of the cable



Cable shield

Connection example when there is a GND pin (X1.22) available in the control unit:



Connection example when there is not a GND pin available in the control unit:





15.5.1 CAN cabling for system developers

The following figure describes cabling for CAN communication between Epec control units and a PC.

Ordering codes for the needed hardware are included in the figure.



An external termination resistor (120 Ω) has to be connected at both ends between CAN H and CAN L.





15.6 I/O Cabling



Closed circuit loops are always recommended and mandatory when you are using DO or PWM pin as an input.



To ensure correct measurement, reserve separate GND pin(s) for AI pin(s) and don't use it/them for any other purposes. See cabling example below.

- The cabling for encoders etc. is in many cases supplied together with them.
- In many cases, very simple basic cable may be used, e.g. automobile R2 cable (0,5 or 1,0) by NK Cables.
- Dimensions of the cable should be appropriate for AMP contacts (so that crimping is possible).
 - Refer to AMPSEAL table (in section <u>Accessories and Ordering Codes</u>) for dimensions.
 - Take extra care for protecting the cables against physical wear and damage.
- Only one wire can be connected to one AMPSEAL connector pin. However, if more than one wire has to be connected to one connector pin, it has to be connected by branch wiring.
- Some voltage inputs use relatively low voltages.
 - Consider using shielded cables for these encoders etc. especially for longer distances to increase safety
- Using shielded cable is recommended also in joystick connections.

The following figure describes four different ways to connect closed circuit loop through the control unit:





The following figure describes three different ways to connect open circuit loop (from the control unit's point of view):





AI - GND cabling examples (use separate GND pin for AI pins):



• sensors and encoders must be wired according to the closed-loop principle, i.e. the power for the sensors and encoders is supplied by the control unit they are connected to. This way, it is possible to avoid potential harmful differences, so the MOSFET driven output power switching operates properly.

When designing the sensor and encoder connections, observe single-point grounding. All Each control unit connector has several GND pins which should be used.

Refer to section *Power supply* for accurate pin allocation of connectors.



15.7 Ethernet Cabling

In order that the electromagnetic interference (EMI) would not effect the data transfer, the installation of the cable should be done as close as possible to the body of the machine.



It is recommended to wire the cable under the shelter of mechanical hits if the installation environment makes it possible.

The cable must be installed as far away as possible from other cables with high power.

The maximum length of a connection is 30 meters.

- This Ethernet connection is based on 10BASE-T/100BASE-T connection where two twisted pairs are used.
- M12 connector is not a standard connecting format and to get the best operation reliability the following issues should be considered in circuitry and installation; type of the used cable, connecting the cable and the installation method.

15.7.1 Cable

If the installation environment requires a cable that takes heat and low temperature, the minimum demand for the cable is under 20 m with connection Outdoor UTP Cat5E 4Pairs (Water Blocking / UV Resistant).

For longer connections it is recommended to use cable Outdoor UTP Cat6 4Pairs (Water blocking / UV Resistant), similar to it or better.

- (SFTP = Shielded Foiled Twisted Pair)
- (FTP = Foiled Twisted Pair)
- (STP = Shielded Twisted Pair)
- (UTP= Unshielded Twisted Pair)

M12 male connector (front)	M12 pin (Ethernet)	M12 pin (Ethernet 2)	RJ45 male pin	T568B Pair	Color (according to T568B standard)	RJ45 male connector (front)
5	6 (rxd1+)	1 (rxd2+)	3 (rxd+)	3	White/green	
· · · · ·	5 (txd1+)	2 (txd2+)	1 (txd+)	2	White/orange	
7 8 3	4 (rxd1-)	7 (rxd2-)	6 (rxd-)	3	Green	<u>ر ۲۰۰</u> ۰
1 2	8 (txd1-)	3 (txd2-)	2 (txd-)	2	Orange	
			4	1	Blue	
			5	1	White/blue	12345678
			7	4	White/brown	
			8	4	Brown	

Ethernet cable connection with Epec 6000 series unit:



15.7.2 Ethernet cabling for system developers

The following figure describes a cabling example for Ethernet communication between Epec control units and a PC.

Ordering codes for the needed hardware are included in the figure.

To check 6000 series unit's IP addresses, use ApplicationLoader (device software). For more information, see *Epec Programming & Libraries Manual: Programming > Programming 6200 Remote Access Unit > Configuration > Configuring Ethernet and DNS Settings*.



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15.8 RS-232 Cabling

- Minimum requirement for creating the RS-232 data link is a 3-wire connection.
 - RX = Receive Data
 - TX = Transmit Data
 - GND = Signal Ground
- The maximum length of the cable is 3 m
- The following picture is an example of a connection between Epec 6000 series unit and PC with 3-wire connection.

RS-232 cabling connection:

AMP23 female connector (front)	AMP23 pin
16	3 (TXD, transmit data)
	4 (RXD, receive data)
	10 (GND)



15.9 USB Cabling

- It is recommended to use full speed rated USB cable.
- Full speed cable consists of twisted signal pairs, VBUS, GND and an overall shield.
- When using an appropriate cable, the operation reliability of the connected device is assured.
- The maximum length (2 m) of the used cable is determined of transit time delay, attenuation, communication speed and the power consumption of the connected device.
- In practise, it is not recommended to use longer cable than 1 m.
- The previous things should be considered when connecting the device directly to the USB connection.

Picture	Pin	Signal
54321	1	+5V (max 500 mA)
	2	D-
	3	D+
	4	ID
	5	GND

M12 USB Mini-B


15.10 Power Supply Cabling



The maximum continuous current per pin is 6 A.



The power for sensors, encoders and other equipment should be supplied from the very same unit that the equipment is connected to, to ensure the best performance of the system. No external power (or ground) connections are allowed.

- The nominal operating voltage for Epec control units is 12 and 24 VDC. The full operating range is 8,4...36 VDC
- See section *Power Supply* for accurate pin allocation of the connectors
- Single point grounding should be used for power supply for all the control units
- The type and parameters of the power supply fuse should be selected depending on the machine type and product use case

Power supply's wiring example:



15.10.1 Emergency Stop



In all European Community countries, the emergency stop should be implemented in accordance with standard EN ISO 13850, which complies to the EC Machinery directive 2006/42/EC. In other countries, the emergency stop should be implemented according to local standards and/or to local legislation.



15.11 Antenna Installation



To avoid coexistence interference with 2,4 GHz WLAN and LTE (e.g. band 7) communication, a minimum distance of 70 cm should be maintained between LTE and WLAN antennas in all installations.



Due to potential coexistence interference in wireless communication, LTE/WLAN combination antenna is not recommended.



15.12 Welding



Welding causes some high current flows and voltage peaks in the machine. It should be noted that the electronics of the control system may be damaged, if the welding current can get through the control unit itself. So, when welding, it should be taken care to prevent high currents from going through the control units or through the CAN bus.

Follow carefully the following instructions.



Disconnect all the connectors from the control units before welding.



Generally, even if the control system power is disconnected, welding should be done carefully and by following appropriate safety measures. Welding grounding should be connected close to the welding point to avoid long distance high current flow through machine frame.



15.13Accessories and Ordering Codes

Picture	Product Name	Epec ordering code	Epec data sheet code
	3500 CAN Adapter Box	E3003500	MAN000385
	Epec Measuring Adapter	E3002014	MAN000387
	Ethernet Y-splitter cable 0,8 m	KW0179	MAN000585
	Ethernet cable 3 m	KW0184	MAN000585
	USB cable & Panel Mounting Adapter, 2 m Cable connectors: M12 USB mini-B - USB A male Adapter Connectors: USB A fem - USB A fem	E30902489	MAN000614
	USB cable (M12 USB mini-B - USB A male) 2 m	KW0186	MAN000614
	Ethernet Cable M12/M12	KW0209	MAN000585
	GSM UMTS / GPS antenna	KY0035	MAN000627
	MIMO LTE/GNSS Antenna	KY0044	MAN000720
	WLAN antenna	KY0037	MAN000687
	Camera (Brigade)	КН0038	MAN000626

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000	Camera cable (M12 FEM - Mini-DIN4 FEM) 30 m (for Brigade)	KW0201	MAN000626
	Camera Y-splitter cable (M12 FEM- 2 x M12 MALE) 1 m (for Brigade)	E30902496	MAN000626
	Small Mounting Pedestal	E30802473	MAN000578
-	M12 sealing cap for male connector (IP67)	KX0423	-
-	M12 sealing cap for female connector (IP67)	X0058261	-
	Power supply & CAN cable for 6000 series (AMP23 - AMP8 + 17 x flying leads) 2 m	E30902490	MAN000615
in company	Kvaser D-Sub Termination Adapter	E0000039	MAN000696
-	Kvaser CAN Card	E000038	-

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15.13.1 AMPSEAL Connectors

Epec uses gold plated, locked and sealed AMPSEAL heavy duty connectors for all Epec CAN Control Unit Family products to ensure endurance under extreme conditions.

All connectors are mechanically keyed to mate only with identical colors •

AMPSEAL product	TE Connectivity ordering code	Epec ordering code
Contact for AMP plug assembly	770854-3	KX0010
Crimping tool	58529-1	TT0018
AMP 23-pin Plug Assembly, Black	770680-1	KX0008
AMP 23-pin Plug Assembly, Black with 2 m leads	-	E30901311



15.13.2 AMPSEAL cable dimensions

Size		Insulation	Strip length ±0,4
mm²		ulameter range	AWG
0,5	20	1,7	
0,8	18	to	
1,4	16	2,7	5 1
		2,2	5,1
1,5		to	
		2,4	

Typical hand crimping tool e.g.: AMP Procrimper 58529-1 (TE Connectivity), Epec ordering code TT0018